Report date: 31 May 2021

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ VE BAĞLI ORTAKLIKLARI

Interim Audited Consolidated Financial Statements For The Period Ended 1 January – 31 March 2021

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NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021

(Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

ASSETS	Notes	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Cash and cash equivalents		71,992,320	217,704,672
Trade receivables			
- Trade receivables from third parties		20,928,009	13,894,492
Other receivables			
- Other receivables from third parties		9,883,292	261,651
Inventories		18,349,614	22,124,061
Prepaid expenses		32,142,051	6,933,447
Assets related to current tax	18	3,520,965	328,311
Other current assets	12	54,982,027	41,639,417
Total current assets		211,798,278	302,886,051
Other receivables			
- Other receivables from third parties		284,087	24,528
Financial investment		-	50,000
Investment properties	6	39,287,866	39,287,866
Property, plant and equipment	7	2,316,581,340	1,002,001,189
Intangible assets	8	229,584	266,909
Prepaid expenses		-	3,100,000
Total non-current assets		2,356,382,877	1,044,730,492
TOTAL ASSETS		2,568,181,155	1,347,616,543

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021

(Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

LIABILITES	Notes	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Short town portions of long town homorrings	5	120 724 620	01 076 724
Short-term portions of long-term borrowings Other financial liabilities	5 5	139,724,630 134,152	91,976,734 114,201
Trade payables	3	134,132	117,201
- Trade payables to related parties	4		
- Trade payables to third parties	•	39,379,564	3,045,038
Other payables		,,	2,012,020
- Other payables to related parties	4	32,085,829	11,971,889
- Other payables to third parties		36,830,141	-
Payables related to employee benefits		614,142	497,959
Deferred income		10,119,312	13,214,787
Short-term provisions			
- Short-term provisions for employee benefits	11	81,351	113,820
Tax liability for current period	18	131,650	-
Other current liabilities	12	100,110,861	1,621,849
Current liabilities		359,211,632	122,556,277
	_	40.7 F.O.F. F.O.F.	220 (20 (07
Long-term borrowings	5	695,727,727	338,629,607
Long-term provisions	1.1	100 700	102 (52
 Long-term provisions for employee benefits Defferred tax liabilities 	11 18	188,790	193,653
Deficited tax flabilities	18	13,838,796	143,974,382
Non-current liabilities		709,755,313	482,797,642
Daid in comital	13	22 000 000	22 000 000
Paid-in capital Premiums/ discounts related to shares	13	33,000,000 148,055,900	33,000,000 148,055,900
Effect of mergers involving undertaking or enterprises	13	140,033,900	140,033,300
subject to common control	13	_	(13,068,687)
Other comprehensive income or expenses that	13		(13,000,007)
will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or			
loss			
- Accumulated Gain on Revaluation of Non-Current			
Assets	13	489,461,711	243,913,757
- Accumulated gain on remeasurement of defined		, ,	, ,
benefit plans	13	228,790	80,305
Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses that may be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss			
- (Losses) on cash flow hedges	13	(15,749,914)	_
Restricted profit reserves	13	4,698,559	1,052,573
Prior years' profit		(26,673,077)	37,401,307
Net profit for the period		362,358,292	78,018,865
Equity attributable to owners of the company		995,380,261	528,454,020
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<i>3</i> 73,360,201	320,434,020
Non-Controlling Interests		503,833,949	213,808,604
Total equity		1,499,214,210	742,262,624
TOTAL MADY MADE		A E(0.101.155	1017 (107)
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,568,181,155	1,347,616,543

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the Period Ended 1 January - 31 March 2021

(Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)	Notes	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Revenue		40,904,939	28,878,996
Cost of Sales (-)		(16,101,353)	(4,275,950)
Gross profit		24,803,586	24,603,046
		7	,,.
General and administrative expenses (-)	14	(7,515,630)	(2,661,048)
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)	14	(976,429)	=
Other income from operating activities	15	43,002,701	992,841
Other expenses from operating activities (-)	15	(8,348,858)	(2,111,226)
Operating profit		50,965,370	20,823,613
1 01			
Income from investing activities	16	632,590,488	11,062,738
Expenses from investing activities (-)	16	(14,332,967)	-
Operating profit before finance expense		669,222,891	31,886,351
operating prome service immittee emperate		007,222,071	21,000,221
Financial income	17	11,954,506	308,069
Financial expenses (-)	17	(105,415,096)	(21,597,677)
Profit before taxation		575,762,301	10,596,743
			, ,
Deferred tax income	18	6,582,477	(5,188,629)
Profit for the period		582,344,778	5,408,114
Equity holders of the popula		362,358,292	5 400 114
Equity holders of the parents			5,408,114
Non-controlling interests		219,986,486	-
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		257,843,915	(9,797)
Other comprehensive income or expenses that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Accumulated Gain on Revaluation of Non-Current			
Assets		245,547,954	-
Accumulated Gain on remeasurement of	4.		,, <u> </u>
defined benefit plans	11	218,867	(12,552)
Deferred tax (expense)		(50,340)	2,755
Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses that			
may be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss			
Other comprehensive income related with cash flow		15 7 40 01 4	
hedge Deferred tax (expense)		15,749,914 (3,622,480)	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		840,188,693	5,398,317
Earnings per share	19	10.98	0.16
Darnings per snare	17	10.70	0.10

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Period Ended 1 January - 31 March 2021

(Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

				Accumulated Other Comprehensi ve Income or (Expenses) that will be Reclassified to Profit or (Loss)	(Expenses)	Accumulated Other nsive Income or that will not be Reclassified to Profit or (Loss)						
1 January 2020	Paid-in capital 33,000,000	Premiums/ discounts related to shares 37,015,413	Effect of mergers involving undertaking or enterprises subject to common control (7,380,156)	Gain/ loses on hedge	Accumulated gain/ (loss) on remeasurement of defined benefit plans 166,558	Accumulated gain on revaluation of noncurrent assets 81,520,834	Restricted profit reserves 1,013,087	Prior year's profit 635,548	Profit for the period 67,771,334	Equity attributable to owners of the company 213,742,618	Non- controlling interests	Total equity 213,742,618
Transfers Total comprehensive income Profit fot the period	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(9,797)	- - -	39,486 - -	67,731,848	(67,771,334) - 5,408,114	(9,797) 5,408,114	- - -	(9,797) 5,408,114
31 March 2020	33,000,000	37,015,413	(7,380,156)	-	156,761	81,520,834	1,052,573	68,367,396	5,408,114	219,140,935	-	219,140,935
1 January 2021	33,000,000	148,055,900	(13,068,687)	-	80,305	243,913,757	1,052,573	37,401,307	78,018,865	528,454,020	213,808,604	742,262,624
Transfers Total comprehensive income Effect of mergers involving	-	-		(15,749,914)	148,485	245,547,954	3,645,986	74,372,879	(78,018,865)	229,946,525	169,407,774	399,354,299
undertaking or enterprises subject to common control Miniority Other effect of adjustments Profit fot the period	- - - -	- - -	13,068,687	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(139,385,722) 938,459	362,358,292	13,068,687 (139,385,722) 938,459 362,358,292	(5,688,531) (93,680,384) - 219,986,486	7,380,156 (233,066,106) 938,459 582,344,778
31 March 2021	33,000,000	148,055,900	-	(15,749,914)	228,790	489,461,711	4,698,559	(26,673,077)	362,358,292	995,380,261	503,833,949	1,499,214,210

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the Period Ended 1 January - 31 March 2021

(Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

A, CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	1 January – 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Profit for the Period		362,358,292	5,408,114
Adjustments related to depreciation and amortization expenses	7,8	5,080,381	2,812,803
Adjustments related to (gain)/loss on disposal of non-current assets	16	(82,906)	-
Adjustments related to provision for unused vacations	11	(32,469)	-
Adjustments related to impairment of financial assets		(15,749,914)	-
Adjustments related to interest income	17	(3,147,473)	(237,776)
Adjustments related to retirement pay provision expenses	11	247,447	31,321
Adjustments related to discount (income)/expenses	15	(41,145)	-
Adjustments related to profit for the period		(253,907,563)	40,533,462
Adjustments related to fair value		(599,206,963)	(11,011,987)
Adjustments related to provision for impairment of trade and other			
receivables		-	38,040
Adjustments related to tax expense	18	(130,205,968)	5,188,629
Adjustments related to currency translation differences		-	10,102,462
Movements in working capital		(634,688,281)	52,865,068
		(7.075.100)	1 22 6 07 5
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in trade receivables		(7,075,188)	4,326,875
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in inventories		3,774,447	(54,743)
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in other receivables		(9,881,200)	4,094,401
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in prepaid expenses Adjustments related to increase/decrease in other assets		(22,108,604) (13,342,610)	(18,810,713)
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in trade payables		36,417,342	(117,918) (73,387,406)
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in other payables		36,830,141	360,475
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in deferred income		(3,095,475)	16,932
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in other liabilities		98,489,012	147,435
Adjustments related to increase/decrease in employee benefits		116,183	-
Interest received	17	3,147,473	50,091
Retirement obligation payments	17	(33,443)	50,071
Income taxes paid	18	(3,061,004)	(255,146)
Cash generated from operations		(514,511,207)	(30,764,649)
Cubit generated it om operations		(011,011,201)	(00,101,012)
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	7	(72.572.510)	(4.265.010)
Payments for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	7 8	(73,572,510) 626,785	(4,365,010)
Other cash flows/(outflows)	8	,	-
Other cash nows/(outnows)		3,645,986	-
Cash flows from investing activities		(69,299,739)	(4,365,010)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash obtained from/used for other receivables from related parties/other			
payables to related parties		20.113.940	(3,571,245)
Cash Inflows On Sales That Will Result In Loss of Control of Subsidiaries		50.000	(5,5,1,2,5)
Effect of mergers involving undertaking or enterprises subject to common			
control		13,068,687	-
Cash obtained from/used for financial borrowings- net		422,913,981	32,479,590
Interest Paid	17	(18,048,014)	(12,803,911)
		438,098,594	16,104,434
Cash flows from financing activities			
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH		(145.712.352)	(19.025.225)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C) D, CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE		(145,712,352)	(19,025,225)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)		(145,712,352) 217,704,672	(19,025,225) 26,888,737

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021 (Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP

Naturel Yenilenebilir Enerji Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("Naturel"):

Naturel Yenilenebilir Enerji Ticaret A.Ş. established on October 8, 2009 in Ankara by Ramazan Fıstık (99%) and Bayram Kul (1%) as Naturel-1 Enerji ve Makine Sanayi Ticaret LTD. ŞTİ. Ramazan Fıstık (99%) has transferred its shares to Yusuf ŞENEL and Bayram Kul (1%) to Ebru ŞENEL with the decision of the Board of Directors on 24.02.2012. On 11.06.2014, Ebru Şenel has transferred all of its shares corresponding to (1%) to Yusuf ŞENEL with the decision of the Board of Directors. On 04.04.2016, the company became a Joint Stock Company and changed its name to Naturel 1 Enerji Ticaret A.Ş.

The company changed its title with the decision of the General Assembly dated 31.01.2019 and the new title was changed to Naturel Yenilenebilir Enerji Ticaret A.Ş. It was announced in the Trade Registry Gazette numbered 143, dated 06 February 2019. The capital of the company is 33,000,000 TL and 12,000,000 TL has been offered to the public on 01-02 August 2019 and 63.64% of the Company Shares belong to Yusuf Şenel.

The company was registered and announced in the trade registry gazette on October 2, 2019, and switched to the registered capital system. The registered capital ceiling is 100,000,000 TL (One hundred million TL), divided into 100,000,000 (one hundred million) shares, each with a nominal value of 1 TL. The registered capital ceiling permission given by CMB is valid for the years 2019-2023 (5 years). The shares representing the capital of the company are divided into A and B groups. 3.000.000 (three million) of A group shares and 18.000.000 (eighteen million) of B group shares belong to Yusuf ŞENEL. Group B consists of 12,000,000 (twelve million) shares open to the public. Shares of Group A are registered, shares of Group B are bearer.

In the field of Solar Energy Applications, which is one of its main service subjects, Naturel Yenilenebilir Enerji installs solar power plants with engineering solutions on behalf of itself and its customers in a wide range from small-scale home systems to large-scale solar power plants.

The company's solar power plants are collected under Esenboğa, where it has a 62.5% share. The BIST of Esenboğa Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. was completed and started to be traded on 09.10.2020 within BIST. Esenboğa Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. according to current data, the actual amount of shares in circulation is TL 24,000,000 and 37.5% of the shares are traded within BIST Yıldız Pazar.

The Company's registered address is Kızılırmak Mahallesi 1450 Sokak Atm Plaza B Blok 1/68 Çankaya/Ankara/Türkiye. The company is the taxpayer of Başkent Tax Office with identification number 6300475593. The company's contact phone is 0 312 467 18 33.

As of 31 March 2021, the number of personnel employed is 68, as of 31 December 2020 the number of personnel employed is 55.

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021 (Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP (CONT'D)

The Group has entered into a more effective structuring process in order to facilitate its operational activities, reduce electricity generation costs, reduce power plant maintenance and operating costs, and gather power plant management under the same administrative roof. As stated in the Group's KAP statement dated February 3, 2021 Kural Enerji A.Ş., Maral Enerji A.Ş., Soral Enerji A.Ş., Güneş 5 Enerji A.Ş. and Hanel Global Gayrimenkul Pazarlama A.Ş. and Margün 13 Enerji Üretim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. merged with Margün Enerji Üretim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and after business combination, its cash paid-in capital was 310,000,000 TL and was registered as of February 5, 2021.

Anatolia Yenilenebilir Enerji A.Ş., Energes 9 Enerji Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and Berrak Ges 1 Enerji Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.was merged named of Anatolia Yenilenebilir Enerji A.Ş., and after business combination Anatolia Yenilenebilir Enerji A.Ş.'nin its cash paid-in capital was 17,000,000 TL and was registered as of February 5, 2021.

As stated in the Group's KAP statement dated February 11, 2021 Snl Enerji Ürt. San. Ve Tic. A.Ş., Ysf Enerji Urt. San. Ve Tic A.Ş., Margün 13 Enerji Ürt. San. Ve Tic. A.Ş., Margün 1 Enerji San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Saf Akçe Enerji Ürt. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. and Ulus Enerji Ürt. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. merged named of Agah Enerji Üretim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş., and after business combination Agah Enerji Üretim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. its cash paid-in capital was 77,000,000 TL and was registered as of February 12, 2021.

100% subsidiary of the group Margün Enerji Üretim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.'s subsidiaries are Ased Danışmanlık İnşaat Enerji Üretim ve Tic. A.Ş., Bozok Güneş Enerjisi San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Çapanoğlu Güneş Enerjisi San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Desti Güneş Enerjisi San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Sorgun Güneş Enerjisi San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Yozgat Güneş Enerjisi San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Ramges Elektrik Üretim A.Ş., Serra Güneş Enerjisi Üretim A.Ş., Gül1ges Enerji Tarım İnşaat San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti., Gül2ges Enerji Tarım İnşaat San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti., Gül3ges Enerji Tarım İnşaat San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti., Gül6ges Enerji Tarım İnşaat San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti., Gül7ges Enerji Tarım İnşaat San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti., Gül8ges Enerji İnşaat San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti., Gül8ges Enerji İnşaat Akaryakıt San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti., Maviges Enerji Tekstil İthalat İhracat San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti., Er2ges Enerji Tarım İnşaat San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Er4ges Enerj

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021

(Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP (CONT'D)

The Group's business combinations completed and companies and shares as follow:

Subsidiaries	Share (%)	Control (%)	Activities
Margün Enerji Üretim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Bosphorus Yenilenebilir Enerji A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Agah Enerji Üretim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Angora Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Anatolia Yenilenebilir Enerji A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Çayören Elektrik Enerji Üretim ve Ticaret A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Ekonova Enerji Üretim ve Ticaret A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Göksu7 Enerji Üretim ve Ticaret Ltd. Şti.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Ergün Enerji Üretim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Elmalı Des Enerji Üretim A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
Zelkova Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy
ATSGES Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	62,5%	100%	Energy

The Group's installed power (kWp) related to producting as follow;

Country	County	Installed power (kWp)	Producting power (kWe)
Country	Akyurt	(1111)	(KVVC)
. 1	Kahramankazan	25,022	22,581
Ankara	Kızılcahamam	Kamamankazan Kızılcahamam	
	Polatlı		
Yozgat	Akdağmadeni	6,675	5,690
1 OZgat	Sorgun	0,073	3,090
Nevşehir	Merkez	10,318	8,991
Afyon	Dazkırı	15,485	13,780
Aiyon	Sinanpaşa	13,463	13,780
Bilecik	Söğüt	2,147	1,998
Vonyo	Selçuklu	19,351	17,000
Konya	Tuzlukçu	19,531	17,000
Antalya	Elmalı	3,516	3,540
Eskişehir	Sivrihisar	3,373	2,970
Adana	Çukurova	11,152	9,930
Muğla	Milas	20,170	14,000
		118,020	100,480

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021 (Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of Presentation

a) Preparation of Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are subject to Public Surveillance in accordance with the provisions of the Capital Markets Board's ("CMB") Communiqué No. II-14.1 on the "Principles Regarding Financial Reporting in the Capital Markets" ("Communiqué") published in the Official Gazette dated 13 September 2013 and numbered 28676. Accounting and Auditing Standards Board ("UPS") that have been put into force by Turkey Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS" s) as appropriate. TFRSs; UPS RT by Turkey Accounting Standard ("IAS"), Turkey Financial Reporting Standards comprise standards and interpretations published by TAS Reviews and TFRIC names.

Consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with the TFRS Taxonomy developed on the basis of the financial statement samples specified in the Financial Statement Examples and User Guide published in the Official Gazette dated September 7, 2019 and numbered 30794 by Public Oversight Authority ("POA").

b) Adjustment of Financial Statements in Hyperinflation Periods

In accordance with the CMB's decision dated 17 March 2005 and 11/367, it found to be effective for companies operating in Turkey and preparing financial statements in accordance with TFRS that inflation accounting application put an end. Accordingly, as of January 1, 2005, Standard No.29 "Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies" ("TAS 29") has not been applied.

c) Basis of Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost free from inflation effects that ended on December 31, 2004, excluding the items measured at fair value stated below:

- financial investments,
- Lands and parcels, underground and above ground landscapes, buildings and plant machinery and equipments within tangible assets.

Fair value measurement principles are explained in Note 2.6 (iii).

d) Functional and Reporting Currency

Group and its subsidiaries are registered in Turkey; keeps and prepares its legal books and statutory financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles set forth by Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") tax legislation and the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. Subsidiaries operating in foreign countries prepare their accounting records and legal financial statements in the currencies of the countries they operate in and in accordance with the legislation of those countries.

The Group's valid currency is Turkish Lira ("TL"). The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented in TL, which is the functional currency of the Group. All financial information presented in TL has been rounded to the nearest TL unless otherwise stated.

NATUREL YENİLENEBİLİR ENERJİ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021

(Currency shown is ("TL") unless indicated otherwise)

NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

e) Basis of Consolidation

(i) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted by using the purchase method on the merger date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group. Control occurs when the Group is exposed to variable returns due to its relationship with the investee or is entitled to these returns, and at the same time has the ability to influence these returns with its power over the investee While evaluating the control, performable potential voting rights are taken into consideration by the Group.

The group measures the goodwill on the date of acquisition as follows:

- The fair value of purchase price, plus
- Registered value of non-controlling shares over the business acquired in business combinations; plus
- If the business combination is carried out several times, the fair value of the equity interest on the date of acquisition in the acquired business previously held by the acquirer; minus
- The recognized net value (generally fair value) of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

If a negative result is reached in the valuation, the gain from bargain purchases is recognized in profit or loss. Purchase price does not include amounts associated with closing existing relationships. These amounts are usually recognized in profit or loss.

Esenboğa Elektrik Üretim A.Ş., signed a sales contract with Özyer Group (Hasan Özyer and Ömer Özyer) to buy developed and established under the roof of unlicensed electricity generation regulation 11 solar power plants, and bought Güneş 5 Enerji A.Ş., Maral Enerji A.Ş.'yi and its with subsidiaries (Hanel Global A.Ş., Kural Enerji A.Ş. ve Soral Enerji A.Ş.) on 30.12.2020. The purchase price is determined by deducting loans and other debts from the value determined by the valuation report. In the valuation report, the company values of us \$ 26,400,000 were determined and the purchase price of us \$ 13,625,000 was reached by deducting the loans and other debts of us \$ 12,775,000.

ii) Acquisitions from jointly controlled business interests

Financial statements have been adjusted as if the acquisition was made as of the beginning of the relevant reporting period in which the common control was carried out and they are presented comparatively as of the beginning of the relevant reporting period. The Group's consolidated financial statements are prepared in comparison with the previous period.

As a result of these transactions goodwill don't recognized. Assets and liabilities subject to business combination recognized at their carrying amounts for the accounting of share transfers between entities under common control.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

e) Basis of Consolidation (cont'd)

ii) Acquisitions from jointly controlled business interests (cont'd)

The difference arising in the elimination of the carrying value of the investment held and share capital of the acquired company is directly accounted as "Effects of transactions involving entities under common control" under retained earnings the equity. The Group's consolidated financial statements have been prepared comparatively with the prior period, allowing the determination of financial position and performance. Comparative information is reclassified and significant differences are explained when necessary in terms of compliance with presentation of current period financial statements.

(iii) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are the businesses controlled by Group. The Group controls an investee when it is exposed to variable returns or has rights to these variable returns and has the ability to influence these returns with its power over the investee. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements by using the full consolidation method until the date when control begins and control ends. If necessary, accounting policies applied for subsidiaries are changed to ensure consistency with the accounting policies applied by the Group.

Non-controlling interests are measured at the proportional amount of net asset value at the date of acquisition of the subsidiary.

Changes that do not result in loss of control in the shares of the Group in subsidiaries are accounted for as a transaction regarding partnership with partners. Adjustments made to non-controlling shares are calculated over the proportional amount of the net asset value of the subsidiary. No adjustment to goodwill is made and no gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(iv) Lose of Control

If the Group loses its control over the subsidiary, it derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, its non-controlling shares and the amounts under other equity related to the subsidiary. Gains or losses resulting from this are recognized in profit or loss. If the Group continues to be a shareholder in its previous subsidiary, the remaining shares are measured at fair value as of the day control is lost.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

(v) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

During the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealized losses from intercompany transactions, in the absence of evidence of impairment, have been eliminated by the method used to eliminate unrealized profits. The registered values of the shares owned by the Group and the dividends resulting from them have been eliminated from the relevant equity and profit or loss statement accounts.

f) Foreign Currency

Transactions in foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are converted into the functional currencies of the Group companies at the exchange rate on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and monetary liabilities in foreign currencies are converted into the functional currencies by using exchange rates at the reporting date. Foreign currency translation gain or loss related to monetary items represents the difference between the amount redeemed in the functional currency at the beginning of the period with the effective interest rate and the amortized amount in foreign currency at the end of the period converted from the period end rate.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and measured with their fair values are converted into the functional currency at the exchange rate on the date the fair value is determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency measured at date cost are translated using the exchange rate on the date of the transaction. Except for the exchange differences arising from recycling, differences arising from cash flow hedging instruments recorded in other comprehensive income; recorded in profit or loss.

Periodic changes in Euro / TL, US Dollar / TL and TL / US Dollar exchange rates as of the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020	31 March 2020
USD/TL	8,3260	7,3405	6,5160
EURO/TL	9,7741	9,0079	7,2150

2.2 Declaration of Confirmity to TFRS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the TFRSs put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") in accordance with the provisions of the Communiqué. TFRSs include standards and interpretations of Turkey Accounting Standards ("TAS") and Turkey Financial Reporting Standards published by POA.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.3 Changes in Accounting Policies

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements

of Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 "Basis of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets", which were published in the Official Gazette No:28676 on 13 June 2013. The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared based on the Turkish Accounting Standards/Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations ("TAS/TFRS") that have been put into effect by the POA under Article 5 of the Communiqué.

Group continued to apply the exact policies and accounting estimates stated as in the consolidated financial statements on December 31, 2020.

Group applied TFRS 16 Leases standard as of January 1, 2019 for the first time. In addition, some other standard changes have come into effect as of January 1, 2019. However, these changes do not have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2.4 New and Amended Turkish Financial Reporting Standards

a) Amendments that are mandatorily effective from 2021

Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2

The amendments in Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 (Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16) introduce a practical expedient for modifications required by the reform, clarify that hedge accounting is not discontinued solely because of the IBOR reform, and introduce disclosures that allow users to understand the nature and extent of risks arising from the IBOR reform to which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages those risks as well as the entity's progress in transitioning from IBORs to alternative benchmark rates, and how the entity is managing this transition.

The amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16 are all effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. Early application is permitted.

The Group assessed that the adoption of this amendment does not have any effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

b) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not yet adopted the following standards and amendments and interpretations to the existing standards:

TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to TAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-

Current

Amendments to TFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

Amendments to TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before

Intended Use

Amendments to TAS 37 Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards Amendments to TFRS 1, TFRS 9 and TAS 41

2018-2020

Amendments to TFRS 4 Extension of the Temporary Exemption from

Applying IFRS 9

Amendments to TFRS 16 COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30

June 2021

TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

TFRS 17 requires insurance liabilities to be measured at a current fulfillment value and provides a more uniform measurement and presentation approach for all insurance contracts. These requirements are designed to achieve the goal of a consistent, principle-based accounting for insurance contracts. TFRS 17 supersedes TFRS 4 Insurance Contracts as of 1 January 2023.

Amendments to TAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

The amendments aim to promote consistency in applying the requirements by helping companies determine whether, in the statement of financial position, debt and other liabilities with an uncertain settlement date should be classified as current (due or potentially due to be settled within one year) or non-current.

Amendments to TAS 1 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

Amendments to TFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update an outdated reference to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS 3 without significantly changing the requirements in the standard.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted if an entity also applies all other updated references (published together with the updated *Conceptual Framework*) at the same time or earlier.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

b) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective (cont'd)

Amendments to TAS 16 Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, in profit or loss.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

Amendments to TAS 37 Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts.

The amendments published today are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards 2018-2020 Cycle

Amendments to TFRS 1 First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

The amendment permits a subsidiary that applies paragraph D16(a) of TFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the parent's date of transition to TFRSs.

Amendments to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability. An entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf.

Amendments to TAS 41 Agriculture

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of TAS 41 for entities to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique. This will ensure consistency with the requirements in TFRS 13.

The amendments to TFRS 1, TFRS 9, and TAS 41 are all effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

b) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective (cont'd)

Amendments to TFRS 4 Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9

The amendment changes the fixed expiry date for the temporary exemption in TFRS 4 Insurance Contracts from applying TFRS 9 Financial Instruments, so that entities would be required to apply TFRS 9 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

Amendments to TFRS 16 COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") has published *COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendment to TFRS 16)* that extends, by one year, the June 2020 amendment that provides lessees with an exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19 related rent concession is a lease modification.

On issuance, the practical expedient was limited to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021. Since lessors continue to grant COVID-19 related rent concessions to lessees and since the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic are ongoing and significant, the POA decided to extend the time period over which the practical expedient is available for use.

The new amendment is effective for lessees for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. Earlier application is permitted.

The Group evaluates the effects of these standards, amendments and improvements on the consolidated financial statements.

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

a) Revenue

General model for revenue recognition

The Group recognizes the revenue in the consolidated financial statements as it fulfills its performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service to its customer. When control of an asset passes to the customer, the asset is transferred.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

a) Revenue (cont'd)

General model for revenue recognition (cont'd)

The Group recognizes the revenue in the consolidated financial statements in line with the following 5 basic principles:

- (a) Identifying the contract with customers
- (b) Identifying the performance obligations
- (c) Determining the transaction price
- (d) Allocating the transaction price to performance obligations
- (e) Revenue recognition

A contract is only within the scope TFRS 15 if all of the following is fulfilled; if the contract can be legally enforced, if it's revenue can be collected, if the rights and terms of payment of the goods and services can be defined, if the contract has a commercial content, if it is approved by the contracting parties and if the liabilities are promised to be fulfilled by the parties.

At the beginning of the contract, the Group evaluates the goods or services promised in the contract with the customer and defines each commitment made to transfer it to the customer as a separate performance obligation. The group also determines whether it fulfills each performance obligation over time or at a certain point in time at the inception of the contract.

In order to determine the transaction price, the Group assesses how much consideration it expects to be entitled to by fulfilling the contract. In arriving at the assessment, the Group considers variable elements of consideration, as well as the existence of a significant financing component.

In accordance with TFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" standard, the performance obligations of the Group consist of wholesale electricity sales and ancillary services related to electricity sales. The electricity sold is transmitted to the customer over transmission lines and the customer simultaneously consumes the benefit obtained from the performance of the Group. Revenue from electricity sales and ancillary services related to electricity sales is recognized at the time of delivery.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

b) Financial instruments

i) Recognition and initial measurement

The Group recognizes its trade receivables and debt instruments on the day its occured. All other financial assets and liabilities are recognized on the transaction date that the relevant financial instrument if the group is a part to the contractual terms. In the initial measurement of financial assets (except trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component) and financial liabilities other than those whose fair value changes are reflected in profit or loss, transaction costs that can be directly attributed to their acquisition or issuance are measured by adding to the fair value. Trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component are measured at the initial recognition over the transaction price.

ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

According to TFRS 9, on initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; FVOCI – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

b) Financial instruments (cont'd)

- ii) Classification and subsequent measurement (cont'd)
- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets:
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity

Financial assets – Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest:

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument.

Whether the financial asset contains a contractual clause that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows to a degree that would prevent it from meeting this definition is included in the assessment. In making these assessments, the Group takes into account the following:

- Contingent events that could change the timing or amount of cash flows,
- Terms that could change the contractual coupon rate (including variable rate features),
- Early payment and extension options, and
- Conditions that may restrict the Group's ability to claim cash flows on a particular asset (eg non-recoverable features).

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

b) Financial instruments (cont'd)

ii) Classification and subsequent measurement (cont'd)

The prepayment feature is consistent with the principal and interest payments criterion only on the principal and principal balance, if the prepaid amounts, which include a reasonable consideration, largely reflect the unpaid amount of the principal and interest on the principal balance when the contract is terminated before its maturity.

In addition, for a financial asset purchased at a premium or discount over the contractual nominal value, prepayments, which largely reflect the contractual nominal value and accrued (but not paid) interest (prepaid amounts may include a reasonable consideration since the contract is terminated before maturity). A contractual requirement that permits or necessitates is accounted for in accordance with the criterion of "principal and interest payments only" if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recording.

Since the principal is the present value of the expected cash flows, trade receivables and other receivables pass the "principal and interest payments only" test. These receivables are managed in accordance with the business model based on collection. The following accounting policies are valid for the subsequent measurements of financial assets:

Financial Assets at FVTPLThese assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss. Refer to section (v) below for the derivatives which are defined as hedge instruments for financial risk.

Equity investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

b) Financial instruments (cont'd)

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL.

A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. The Group does not have any financial liabilities at FVTPL. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

Non-derivative financial liabilities are first recognized on the transaction date when the Group becomes a party to the contractual terms of the relevant financial instrument.

The non-derivative financial liabilities of the Group include borrowings, other financial liabilities, commercial debts and other debts.

Such financial liabilities are initially measured by deducting transaction costs directly attributable from their fair values. Following their initial recognizing, financial liabilities are valued over their amortized costs using the effective interest method.

i)Derecognition

Financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group continues to recognize the financial asset in the statement of financial position if it retains substantially all the risks and benefits arising from the ownership of a financial asset. Financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

b) Financial instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

(iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(v) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group uses derivative financial instruments for the purpose of hedging foreign currency and interest risk rate. Embedded derivative instruments are separated from the main contract and recognized separately when the underlying contract is not a financial asset and mets certain criteria. Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition of derivative instruments, changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

The Group defines certain derivatives as hedging tools to protect the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions resulting from changes in exchange rates and interest rates.

At the beginning of the hedging relationship, the Group documents the hedging relationship and the risk management objective and strategy that led to the entity's hedging transaction.

The Group also documents whether the changes in the cash flows of the hedged item and the hedging instrument are expected to offset each other and the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument in this way.

Cash Flow Hedge

If a derivative instrument is designed as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective part of the change in the fair value of the derivative instrument is recognized in other comprehensive income and shown in the hedging reserve under equity. The ineffective part of the change in the fair value of the derivative is recognized directly in profit or loss. The effective part of the change in the fair value of the derivative instrument determined on the present value basis from the inception of the hedging relationship recognized in other comprehensive income is limited to the cumulative effect of the change in the fair value of the hedging instrument.

The Group defines only the value change in the spot element of the forward contract as a hedging tool in the cash flow hedging relationship.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Cash Flow Hedge (cont'd)

The change in the fair value of the forward value of the forward foreign exchange purchase and sale contracts ("forward element") is accounted as a hedge fund as a separate component in equity as hedging cost.

A protected forecast transaction; in case a non-financial asset or liability is subsequently included in the financial statements, the amount accumulated in the hedge fund and the hedging cost are directly included in the initial cost of the non-financial asset or liability.

For all other hedged forecast transactions, the amount accumulated in the hedge fund and the hedging cost are classified from the hedge fund to profit or loss in the periods or periods when the hedged estimated future cash flows affect profit or loss.

Hedge accounting is terminated prospectively when the hedge relationship (or part of it) no longer meets the required criteria, the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or used. If cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued, the amount accumulated in the hedge fund continues to be classified in equity until the recognition of a hedged forecast transaction non-financial item, the hedging cost is directly included in the initial cost of the non-financial item, or the financial risk for other cash flow hedges. hedging cost is classified into profit or loss in the period or periods in which the hedged estimated future cash flows affect profit or loss.

If the estimated future cash flows under protection are no longer expected to occur, the amount accumulated in the hedge fund and the cost of this fund are immediately classified to profit or loss.

vi. Non-derivative financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- Bank balances where credit risk (i.e. default risk arising over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

The Group has chosen lifetime ECL's to measure the impairment of trade receivables and contract assets.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Cash Flow Hedge (cont'd)

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the company expects to receive).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit impaired. A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties

Presentation of impairment

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. Write-off is a reason for derecognition.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Write-off (cont'd)

The Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount when the financial asset is 2 years past due based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. For corporate customers, the Group makes an assessment of the timing and the amount to be deducted, based on the individual's expectation for a reasonable recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off.

However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Non-Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than contract assets and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and is fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

If an asset or CGU's recoverable amount is lower than its book value, the carrying value of that asset or CGU is reduced to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU.

For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

c) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the amount obtained by deducting the estimated completion cost and the estimated sales costs required to realize the sale from the estimated sales price.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

c) Inventories (cont'd)

The cost of inventories includes all purchasing costs, conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their current position. Stocks are valued according to the average cost pricing method.

The related party is the person or business associated with the reporting business. The entity reporting is the entity that prepares the consolidated financial statements.

a) Related Parties are considered related to the Company if a person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity;

if that person:

Has control or joint control over the reporting entity;

Has significant influence over the reporting entity; or

Is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity

- b) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group.
 - i) The entity and the company are members of the same group.
- ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party. One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity. The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity. The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a). A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
- (viii) In the event that the business or another member of the group of which it is a part provides key management personnel services to the reporting enterprise or the parent company of the reporting enterprise.

e) Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are measured by deducting accumulated depreciation and depreciation provision, if any, from their cost values, except for land and parcels, underground and overland plants, buildings and plant, machinery and equipment.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

e) Recognition and measurement (cont'd)

Cost refers to the expenses directly related to the purchase of the relevant asset. The Group stopped using the cost method for lands and parcels, underground and overland plants, buildings and plants, machinery and equipment included in property, plant and equipment and chose the revaluation model as its accounting policy in accordance with TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment. The revalued amount is the value found by deducting the subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses from its fair value at the date of revaluation. The increase arising from the revaluation of the mentioned lands, underground and overland plants, buildings and plant machinery and equipment is recorded after netting of the deferred tax effect on the revaluation reserve in equity. Decreases arising from the valuation made over the recorded amounts of the reevaluated lands and parcels, underground overland plants, buildings and facility machinery and devices are also reflected as expense, if any, exceeding the amount of revaluation reserve arising from the previous valuation.

If the parts comprising the tangible fixed assets have different useful lives, they are accounted as separate parts (important parts) of the property, plant and equipment.

Gains or losses arising from the disposal of a tangible asset are determined by comparing the amount of disposal with the registered value of the asset and are accounted for under "income from investment activities" or "expenses from investment activities" in profit or loss.

(i) Subsequent costs

Costs arising from replacing any part of tangible fixed assets are capitalized if it is likely to increase the future economic benefit of the fixed asset and if its cost can be measured reliably. The registered values of the changed parts are excluded from the financial status table. The daily maintenance costs of property, plant and equipment are recorded in profit or loss on the date they occur.

(ii) Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment items are depreciated on the day they are already available or for assets built by the Group, on the day these assets are completed and are ready for use. Depreciation is calculated by straight-line method over their estimated useful life. Depreciation is usually recognized in profit or loss unless it is included in the book value of another asset. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the useful life of the leased asset, unless the Group will take ownership of the leased asset with reasonable certainty at the end of the lease. Land and parcels are not depreciated.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

e) Recognition and measurement (cont'd)

(ii) Depreciation (cont'd)

Depreciation expense of revalued lands, underground and overland plants, buildings and plant machinery and equipment for the period is recognized in profit or loss. When the re-evaluated lands and parcels, underground and overland plants, buildings and facility machinery and equipment are sold or withdrawn from service, the remaining balance in the revaluation reserve is directly transferred to previous years losses. On the other hand, some of the increase in value is transferred to previous year's profit / loss as the asset is used by the enterprise.

The estimated useful lives of significant tangible fixed asset items in current and comparative periods are as follows:

Property, plants and equipments	
Buildings	45-50 years
Machinery and equipment	45-50 years
Motor vehicles	4-15 years
Fixtures and fittings	3-15 years

For the major maintenance related to the power plants, useful lives different from the useful life of the power plants have been determined. Therefore, the maintenances are recorded as separate parts of the power plants.

Depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed as of each reporting date and adjusted when necessary.

The useful life of solar power plants of the Group has been corrected as 50 years as of 01.01.2020.

(f) Intangible fixed assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Other intangible fixed assets that have been purchased by the Group and have a certain useful life are measured by subtracting the accumulated amortization and, if any, accumulated impairment losses from their costs. In case of impairment, the registered value of intangible fixed assets is reduced to the recoverable amount.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(f) Intangible fixed assets (cont'd)

(ii) Subsequent costs

Subsequent costs are capitalized only if they have an increasing effect on the future economic benefits of the intangible assets they are related to. All other expenses are recognized in profit or loss on the date they occur.

(iii) Redemption

Redemption is calculated over the cost of intangible fixed asset items over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line method and accounted in profit or loss. The estimated useful lives of licenses are between 2 and 49 years. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed as of each reporting date and adjusted when necessary.

g) Leasing Transactions

(i) As a lessee

The Group distributes the lease component to each lease component based on the relative standalone price of the lease component and the total stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Group chose not to separate the non-lease components from the lease components, but instead account for each lease component and its associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group has reflected the right to use and lease obligation in its consolidated financial statements at the date when the lease actually started. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

In the event that the lease transfers the property of the underlying asset to the lessee at the end of the lease period or if the cost of the right of use asset indicates that the lessee will use a purchase option, the right to use asset is depreciated from the date on which the lease actually begins to end the useful life of the underlying asset. In other cases, the right to use asset is depreciated based on the shorter of the useful life or rental period of the asset, starting from the date the lease actually begins. In addition, the value of the right of use asset is periodically reduced, if any, by deducting impairment losses and corrected in line with the re-measurement of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that were not paid at that date at the time the lease actually started. Rent payments are discounted using this rate if the implicit interest rate in the lease can be easily determined. In case this rate cannot be determined easily, the Group's alternative borrowing interest rate is used.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

g) Leasing Transactions (cont'd)

The Group determines the alternative borrowing interest rate by considering interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- Fixed payments (including essentially fixed payments) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and,
- In the event that it is reasonably certain that the purchase option will be used, the penalty for termination of the lease, if the usage price of this option and the duration of the lease indicate that the Group will use an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, the Group considers to changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

In case of reassessment of the lease liability, it is reflected in the consolidated financial statements as a correction in the presence of the right to use according to the newly found debt amount. However, if the carrying amount of the right of use asset is zero and there is a further decrease in the measurement of the lease obligation, the remaining re-measurement amount is reflected in profit or loss.

Short-term leases and low-value leases

The Group prefers not to reflect the right of use assets and lease liabilities to its consolidated financial statements for short-term machine rentals with leases of 12 months or less and for leases of low-value conditions, including IT equipment. The Group has reflected the lease payments associated with these leases in the consolidated financial statements as expenses linear basis during the lease period.

h) Provisions

In the event that there is an existing legal or implied obligation arising from past events and it is probable that the obligation will be fulfilled and the resources that bring economic benefits will emerge from the business and the amount of the obligations can be estimated reliably, a provision is made for these liabilities in the consolidated financial statements. Provisions are calculated according to the best estimate made by the Group management of the expenses to fulfill the obligation as of the reporting date and discounted to present value if the effect is material.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

1) Employee Benefits

(i) Short term benefits to employees

Short-term benefit obligations provided to employees are expensed as the relevant service is provided. As a result of the past services of its employees, a liability is recorded for the amounts expected to be paid in cases where the Group is legally or constructively obliged to pay and this liability can be estimated reliably. Of the labor contract according to the current Labor Law in Turkey it is obliged to pay for any reason claimed by the employee if the ending, but unused annual leave belonging fee gross salary at the date when the contract expires and contractual other interests him or rights to their owners over the total. Unused vacation provision is the total undiscounted liability amount corresponding to the leave days that all employees deserve but have not used yet as of the reporting date. Liabilities arising from unused leave rights are accrued in the period in which they are entitled.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefits

As per the existing labor law in Turkey, the Group employees' pension, the military or have completed one year of leaving employment for reasons such as death, employees are obliged to pay certain amounts. Provision for severance pay expresses the present value of the future estimated possible liability of the Group in case of retirement of employees on a 30-day basis. The provision for severance pay has been calculated as if all employees will be subject to such a payment, and it is reflected on an accrual basis in the consolidated financial statements. The provision for severance pay has been calculated according to the severance pay ceiling announced by the Government. As of 30 September 2020, the severance pay ceiling was calculated over 7.117.17 TL. (Ceiling valid as of 01.07.2020). All actuarial gains and losses are accounted for in other comprehensive income.

j) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

It is defined as an existing asset or liability that will result in the exit or entry of resources that are arising from past events and that contain economic benefits. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, except in cases where the possibility of the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. If the situation requiring resource transfer is probable, contingent liabilities are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. If it becomes probable that the economic benefit will enter the business, an explanation is made in the footnotes of the consolidated financial statements regarding the contingent asset. If it is certain that the economic benefit will enter the business, the asset and the related income change are included in the consolidated financial statements at the date of their change.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

k) Income from Investment Activities And Expenses from Investment Activities

Income from investment activities includes profits from sales of subsidiaries, and income from sales of fixed assets and scrap. Expenses from investment activities include fixed assets, expenses and losses from sales of subsidiaries.

m) Earning/(Loss) Per Share

Earnings / (loss) per share stated in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income has been found by dividing the net profit / (loss) or total comprehensive income / (expense) of the parent company by the weighted average number of shares in the market during the relevant period.

n) Tax

Tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

(i) Current tax

Current period tax is the tax liability or receivable calculated on the profit or loss subject to tax in the current year and in accordance with the tax rates valid as of the end of the reporting period and the current tax legislation and includes the correction records related to the tax liabilities in the previous years.

Current tax is calculated by taking into consideration the tax rates that are in force as of the end of the reporting period or close to the effective date

To net off current tax asset or liability can be applied only under some certain conditions. Tax legislation in Turkey does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary consolidated tax return to fill out. Therefore, the tax provision reflected in the consolidated financial statements is calculated separately for companies.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is calculated over the temporary differences between the book values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the values used in the tax base. Deferred tax is not recognized for temporary differences that occur in the following situations.

• Temporary differences that arise on initial recognition of assets or liabilities resulting from a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(ii) Deferred tax (cont'd)

- Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries that are unlikely to reverse in the foreseeable future and the Group can control the reversal time; and
- Taxable temporary differences arising during the initial recognition of goodwill.

For unused past year financial losses, tax advantages and deductible temporary differences, if it is probable that there will be a taxable profit sufficient to offset them in the future, a deferred tax asset is recognized. Taxable profit is determined according to the business plans of each subsidiary in the Group. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and if it is probable that it will gain taxable profit in the future, a deferred tax asset that has not been recognized beforehand is recognized, limited to these amounts.

The Group measures deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets consistently with the tax consequences of its expectations at the end of the reporting period regarding how its assets will recover their book values or how they will pay their debts.

The Company and its subsidiaries within the scope of consolidation have reflected their deferred tax assets and liabilities in their financial statements by netting, however, no netting has been made on a consolidated basis. Deferred tax is calculated over the tax rates expected to be valid in the period when assets are created or liabilities are fulfilled.

(iii) Tax Risk

When the amount of period tax expense and deferred tax expense are determined, the Group considers uncertain tax positions and whether there are any additional tax and interest obligations to be paid. In case new information arises that will change the professional opinion of the Group regarding the adequacy of the existing tax liability, this change in the tax liability will affect the tax expense for the period in which this situation is determined.

p) Capital

Common stocks

Common stocks are classified as paid-in capital. Additional costs directly attributable to the issuance of common stocks are recognized as a decrease in equity after deducting any tax effect, if any.

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.6 Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

While preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Group management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies and the amounts of reported assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual amounts may vary from estimated amounts.

Estimates and related assumptions are constantly reviewed. Changes to estimates are accounted prospectively.

(i) Assumptions and Estimates

Regarding the amounts recorded in the consolidated financial statements, the important evaluations regarding the application of accounting policies that have a significant impact and the uncertainties regarding the estimates and assumptions that may require significant corrections in the following periods are explained in the related footnotes.

(ii) Measurement of fair values

Various accounting policies and explanations of the Group require the determination of the fair values of both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. If third-party information, such as tape prices or pricing services, is used to measure fair value, the group will consider the requirements of IFRS, including the level at which fair valuations should be classified in the fair valuation hierarchy. reviews compliance to support its result. In measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group uses market-observable information. Fair valuations are classified into different levels in the fair valuation hierarchy based on the information used in the valuation techniques stated below.

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Data excluding quoted prices in Level 1 and that can be observed directly (through prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) in terms of assets or liabilities;
- Level 3: Data not based on observable market data for assets or liabilities (non-observable data).

If the information used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability can be classified to a different level of the fair valuation hierarchy, this fair valuation is classified to the same level of the fair valuation hierarchy that includes the smallest information that is important to the whole measurement.

The Group recognized the transfers between levels in the fair valuation hierarchy at the end of the reporting period in which the change occurred

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NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2.6 Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions (cont'd)

(iii) Determination of fair value

Fair values are determined by the following methods for measurement and / or explanation purposes. If applicable, additional information about the assumptions used in determining fair values is presented in footnotes specific to the asset or liability.

Trade Receivables and other receivables

The fair values of trade and other receivables are estimated as the value to be found by discounting future cash flows with market interest rates at the measurement date. Short-term receivables without a certain interest rate are valued over the original invoice amount in case the discount effect is insignificant. These fair values are determined at initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period for disclosure purposes.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The fair values of derivative financial instruments are determined over their prices traded in active markets or, where appropriate, by using the discounted cash flow method. Discount factors are calculated by including an additional margin reflecting the characteristics of the financial instrument in the swap yield curves.

Property, plant and equipment

The land and parcels, plant, machine and equipment and vehicles included in property, plant and equipment are indicated at their valued amounts in the financial statements, and the important assumptions used in the fair value calculation are specified in note 7. Valuation of the related property, plant and equipment was made by Net Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. that is an independent valuation company, as of 31 March 2021.

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NOTE 3 – BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

	31 March 2021
Company	Purchased from Kinesis Grup (*)
Transferred price	409,872,462
Written down value	1,034,028,834
Negative goodwill	(624,156,372)

(*) As of 31 March 2021 "Margün Enerji" which subsidiary of Esenboğa after purchasing of seven Companies written down value was determined as 1.034.028.834 TL and the differences between transfer fee of related companies 409.872.462 TL is 624.156.372 TL accounted for as profit under negative goodwill.

NOTE 4 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The immediate parent and ultimate controlling party respectively of the Group is the Transactions between the Company and the subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Other payables to related parties arise mainly from financing transactions which are unsecured in nature.

Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed in this page:

Other payables due to related parties

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Yusuf Şenel (*)	32,085,829	11,971,889
Total	32,085,829	11,971,889

^(*) Other payables o related parties to arise mainly from financing transactions which are unsecured in nature to Yusuf Sener Chairman of the Board.

NOTE 5 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

As of 31 March 2021 and 31 December 2020, the details of the Group's short and long term financial liabilities as below;

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term portions of long-term borrowings	139,724,630	91,976,734
Other financial liabilities	134,152	114,201
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Short term financial liabilities	139,858,782	92,090,935
Long-term borrowings	695,727,727	338,629,607
Long term financial liabilities	695,727,727	338,629,607
Total financial liabilities	835,586,509	430,720,542

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NOTE 5 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

As of 31 March 2020, the detail of short and long term fianancial liabilities is as follows:

Currency	Effective interest rate		TL amount
Short term bank borrowings			
O	8.88%	10 272 601	10 272 601
TL		10,273,691	10,273,691
USD	7.21%	3,460,230	28,809,875
EURO	4.58%	10,996,291	107,478,850
Long term bank borrowings			
TL	8.88%	30,563,277	30,563,277
USD	7.21%	9,474,310	78,883,109
EURO	4.58%	59,283,571	579,443,555
Total			835,452,357

31 December 2020 tarihi itibarıyla kısa ve uzun vadeli kredilerin detayı aşağıdaki gibidir:

Currency	Effective interest rate	Original amount	TL amount
Short term bank borrowings			
TL	7.30% - 30.35%	10,889,175	10,889,174
USD	8.40%	5,376,447	39,465,808
EURO	4.82% - 5.00%	4,620,583	41,621,752
Long term bank borrowings			
TL	7.30% - 30.35%	28,905,675	28,905,675
USD	8.40%	15,868,676	116,484,015
EURO	4.82% - 5.00%	21,452,272	193,239,917
Total			430,606,341

The repayment schedule of the financial liabilities are as follows;

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Within 1 year	146,562,416	91,976,734
Between 1-2 years	151,931,284	86,489,718
Between 2-3 years	134,905,104	77,135,977
Between 4-5 years	120,849,911	67,134,387
More than 5 years	281,203,642	107,869,525
Total financial liabilities	835,452,357	430,606,341

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NOTE 6 – INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As of 31 March 2021 and 31 December 2020, movements of the Group's investmenr properties as below;

	1 January 2021	Addition	Disposal	Revaluation	31 March 2021
Cost					
Lands	7,291,000	_	_	-	7,291,000
Buildings	31,996,866	-	-	-	31,996,866
Net Book Value	39,287,866				39,287,866

	1 January 2020	Addition	Disposal	Revaluation	31 December 2020
Cost					
Lands (*)	5.080.000	-		2.211.000	7.291.000
Buildings	19.329.420	3.982.000		8.685.446	31.996.866
Net Book Value	24.409.420				39.287.866

^(*) All investment properties of the Group, valuation process was carried out by Net Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. which has been granted a valuation license by the Capital Market Board.

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NOTE 7 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

				D				
				Business		Consolidation	Consolidation	
	1 January 2021	Additions	Disposals	combination effect	Revaluation	addition effect	disposal effect	31 March 2021
Cost	1 January 2021	Additions	Disposais	effect	Kevaluation	addition effect	uisposai effect	31 Water 2021
Lands	70,083,839	67,349,545	-	28,455,393	10,743,733	848,054	(20,959,565)	156,520,999
Buildings	7,750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,750,000
Machinery and equipment	931,217,190	-	-	851,518,277	831,274,671	370,968,940	(846,236,289)	2,138,742,789
Motor vehicles	11,200,000	4,709,454	(554,935)	-	-	-	-	15,354,519
Fixtures and fittings	2,132,969	503,689	_	1,186,310	_	99,328	(1,186,310)	2,735,986
Construction in progress	784,406	959,946	-	-	-	-	-	1,744,352
	1,023,168,404							2,322,848,645
Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	182,693	40,284	_	-	-	-	_	222,977
Machinery and equipment	19,966,898	4,075,001	_	-	(2,736,513)	_	(16,733,288)	4,572,098
Motor vehicles	720,444	797,040	(90,299)	_	-	_	-	1,427,185
Fixtures and fittings	297,180	160,098	-	-	-	-	(412,233)	45,045
	21,167,215							6,267,305
Net Book Value	1,002,001,189							2,316,581,340

^(*) Lands, buildings, motor vehicles and power generation are accounted for with fair value. Valuation process was carried out by Net Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş..

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NOTE 7 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

						Consolidation	Consolidation	
	1 January 2020	Additions	Disposals	Transfer	Revaluation	addition effect	disposal effect	31 December 2020
Cost								
Lands	32,582,561	10,639,149	_	1,194,360	21,343,156	4,324,613	-	70,083,839
Buildings	7,000,000	_	-	-	750,000	-	-	7,750,000
Machinery and equipment	461,553,017	_	(17,609)	(6,534,756)	436,466,312	39,750,226	-	931,217,190
Motor vehicles	3,620,000	996,943	-	1,156,247	5,426,810	-	-	11,200,000
Fixtures and fittings	852,185	106,367	-	(11,893)	-	1,186,310	-	2,132,969
Construction in progress	-	784,406	-	-	-	-	-	784,406
	505,607,763							1,023,168,404
Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	146,114	36,579	_	_	_	_	-	182,693
Machinery and equipment	8,493,748	6,879,545	-	_	1,873,230	2,720,375	-	19,966,898
Motor vehicles	760,542	275,803	-	(315,901)	-	-	-	720,444
Fixtures and fittings	119,920	111,778	-	-	-	65,482	-	297,180
	9,520,324							21,167,215
Net Book Value	496,087,439							1,002,001,189

^(*) Lands, buildings, motor vehicles and power generation are accounted for with fair value. Valuation process was carried out by Net Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. as fof 12 December 2020 valuation report.

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NOTE 8 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	1 January 202	1 Addition	s Disposals	31 March 2021
Cost				
Rights	8,76	8 3,12	0 -	11,888
Other intangible assets	240,25			287,008
Goodwill	79,24		- (79,243)	-
	328,26	3		298,896
Accumulated depreciation (-)				
Rights	1,30	0 5	1 -	1,351
Other intangible assets	60,05			67,961
	61,35	4		69,312
Net Book Value	266,90	9		229,584
	,			,
	1 January 2021	Additions	Disposals	31 December 2020
Cost				
Rights	1,300	7,468	_	8,768
Other intangible assets	228,185	12,067	-	240,252
Goodwill	79,243	-	-	79,243
	308,728			328,263
Accumulated depreciation (-)				
Rights	1,300	_	_	1,300
Other intangible assets	23,616	36,438	-	60,054
	24,916			61,354
Net Book Value	283,812			266,909

Distribution of tangible and intangible assets depreciation is as follows;

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Cost of sales	4,116,497	2,452,845
General administration expenses (note 14)	963,884	359,958
Total	5,080,381	2,812,803

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NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Guarantees-Pledge-Mortgage ("GPM")

As of 31 March 2021 and 31 December 2020 the tables of the Group's collateral / pledge / mortgage ('GPM') position is as follows:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
A, Total amount of GPM given on bealf of the own legal		
entity	390,986,355	392,309,993
B, Total amount of GPM given on bealf of the		
subsidiaries included in full combine	1,158,102,635	520,413,694
C, Total amount of GPM given on bealf of third parties		
due to normal course of business	-	-
D, Total amount of other GPM given	-	-
i, Total amount of guarantees given in favor of main		
shareholder	-	-
ii, Total amount of guarantees given in favor of group		
companies nor covered by B and C clauses	-	-
iii, Total amount of mollaterals given in favor third		
parties not covered by clause C	-	-
Total	1,549,088,990	912,723,687

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NOTE 10 – HIGH PROBABILITY FORECAST FOR EXCHANGE RATE RISK CASH FLOW HEDGE

The Group provides foreign exchange risk protection on the balance sheet by borrowing in the same currency against foreign exchange risks arising from foreign currency sales amounts that are highly likely to be realized at future dates within the scope of the agreements it has concluded and the corporate budget.

In this context, repayments of foreign currency borrowings that are subject to hedging accounting and are determined as hedging instruments are made with foreign currency sales cash flows that will be realized at close dates and determined as hedging items within the scope of hedging accounting.

The group determined exchange rate risk management strategy as part of a high probability of risk realization estimated transaction hedging exchange rate risk cash flow hedge accounting hedging instrument for the purpose of being applied and formed on components, effectiveness has been proven mathematically and in accordance TFRs 9, which isn't yet realized exchange rate fluctuations in the income statement the income statement Comprehensive Income Statement of pulling from the park aims at the presentation and healthier.

The group takes care to maintain a 100% hedging ratio and a hedging efficiency between 70% and 130% within the scope of the hedging accounting it has established, and as of 31 March 2021, the hedging ratio has been calculated as 96% and the hedging efficiency as 101%.

USD	31 March 2021
Hedged item present value (current)	2,567,102
Hedged item present value (non current)	10,020,395
Hedging instrument present value (current)	3,403,885
Hedging instrument present value (non current)	9,990,009
EUR	31 March 2021
Hedged item present value (current)	6,498,148
Hedged item present value (non current)	37,679,467
Hedging instrument present value (current)	7,779,132
Hedging instrument present value (non current)	34,492,546
TRY	31 March 2021
Cumulative exchange rate difference on the hedged item (current)	5,784,070
Cumulative exchange rate difference on the hedged item (non current)	26,943,022
Cumulative exchange rate difference on the hedged instrument (current)	(7,372,690)
Cumulative exchange rate difference on the hedged instrument (non current)	(25,772,062)
Rate of hedging effectiveness	101%
Inactive portion left in income statement	(1,093,314)

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NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Current provisions for employee benefits

Unused vacation provisions

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Unused vacation provisions	81,351	113,820
Total	81,351	113,820

Non-current provisions for employee benefits

Provisions for retirement pay liability

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Provisions for retirement pay liability	188,790	193,653
Total	188,790	193,653

Under Turkish Labor Law, the Company is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed certain years of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, who is called up for military service, dies or retires after completing 25 years of service achieves and reaches the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men).

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 7,638.96 TL (31 December 2020: 7,117.17 TL).

Retirement pay liability is not subject to any kind of funding legally. Provision for retirement pay liability is calculated by estimating the present value of probable liability amount arising due to retirement of employees. TAS 19 Employee Benefits stipulates the development of Company's liabilities by using actuarial valuation methods under defined benefit plans. In this direction, actuarial assumptions used in calculation of total liabilities are described as follows:

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as at 31 December 2020, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees. The provisions at the respective reporting dates have been calculated with the assumption of 4.29 % real discount rate calculated by using 8.9% annual inflation rate and 13.57% discount rate.

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NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONT'D)

Non-current provisions for employee benefits (cont'd)

Provisions for retirement pay liability (cont'd)

The movement of the provisions for retirement pay liabilities are as follow;

	1 January - 31 March 2021
Opening balance	193,653
Interest cost	214,409
Service cost	33,038
Annual payments (-)	(33,443)
Actuarial gain/ loss	(218,867)
Closing balance	188,790

NOT 12 - OTHER CURRENT ASSETS, SHORT TERM TERM LIABILITIES

Other current assets

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Deferred VAT	17,764,963	12,447,599
Deductible VAT	94,002	-
Advances given to personnel	-	43,797
Business advance	-	1,275,444
Income accruals (*)	37,123,062	27,870,490
Deposits and guarantees given	-	2,087
Total	54,982,027	41,639,417

^(*) This amount consist of year end energy income accruals and according to "TFRS 15 Revenue From Contracts With Costumer" income accruals.

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NOT 12 - OTHER CURRENT ASSETS, SHORT TERM TERM LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

Other current liabilities

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Taxes and funds payable	1,235,794	1,413,600
Other liabilities	3,925	12,545
Other VAT	389,840	-
Current period tax liabilities	-	186,654
Deposits and guarantees received	-	9,050
Expense accruals (*)	98,481,302	-
Total	100,110,861	1,621,849

^{(*) 86.588.955} TL of this amount is expense accruals of purchasing of Ergün Enerji A.Ş. from Kinesis Group.

NOTE 13 - SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

a) Capital

	31 March 2021		31 December 2020	
	Share (%)	Share amount (TL)	Share (%)	Share amount (TL)
Yusuf Şenel	63.64%	21,000,000	63.64%	21,000,000
Publicity Held	36.36%	12,000,000	36.36%	12,000,000
Paid-In Capital	100%	33,000,000	100%	33,000,000

b) Share Premium

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
b)Share Premium	148,055,900	148,055,900
Total	148,055,900	148,055,900

c) The Effect of Mergers Involving Undertaking or Enterprises Subject to Common Control:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Business combination effect	-	(13,068,687)
Total	-	(13,068,687)

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NOTE 13 - SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (CONT'D)

d) Other comprehensive income or expenses that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Accumulated Gain on Revaluation of Non-Current Assets	489,461,711	243,913,757
Total	489,461,711	243,913,757

e) Other comprehensive income or expenses that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Accumulated loss on remeasurement of defined benefit plans	228,790	80,305
Actuarial gain/ (loss)	228,790	80,305

f) Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses that may be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Cash flow hedge	(15,749,914)	-
Total	(15,749,914)	<u>-</u>

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NOTE 14 – EXPENSE BY NATURE

a) General administrative expenses

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Personnel expense	(1,965,348)	(720,864)
Consultancy and audit expenses	(1,263,316)	(284,518)
Taxes, duties and charges expenses	(1,064,681)	(88,770)
Depreciation expenses	(963,884)	(397,154)
Notary and chamber of commerce expenses	(345,966)	(95,789)
Rent expense	(343,119)	(45,904)
Announcement and advertisement expenses	(266,410)	(216,823)
Electricity expenses	(223,509)	(96,416)
Service expenses	(200,641)	(106,789)
Retirement and unused vocation provision expenses	(146,306)	(47,969)
Accommodation, travel and transportation expenses	(111,981)	(80,879)
Tender expense	(28,411)	(9,573)
Communication expense	(13,569)	(11,228)
Other	(578,489)	(458,372)
Total	(7,515,630)	(2,661,048)

b) Marketing, selling and distribution expenses

	1 January- 31 March 2021	1 January- 31 March 2020
System usage expenses	(976,429)	-
Total	(976,429)	-

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NOTE 15 - INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

<u>Income from operating activities</u>

	1 January- 31 March 2021	1 January- 31 March 2020
Foreign exchange gain on balance sheet items other than		
financial borrowings (*)	42,492,795	631,004
Discount income	82,816	161,882
Insurance income	69,939	-
Tax income	60,794	-
Rent income	25,529	-
Other	270,828	199,955
Total	43,002,701	992,841

^(*) This amount consist of exchange differences income according to TFRS 9 "Cash Flow Hedge"

Expenses from operating activities

	1 January-	1 January-	
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	
Foreign exchange gain on balance sheet items			
other than financial borrowings	(7,677,959)	(1,958,681)	
Disallowable expenses	(625,220)	-	
Discount expenses	(41,671)	(70,293)	
Previous period expenses and losses	(3,760)	-	
Provisions for doubtful receivables	-	(49,463)	
Other	(248)	(32,789)	
Total	(8,348,858)	(2,111,226)	

NOTE 16 – INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Income from investing activities

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Revaluation (*)	632,507,582	-
Profit on sales of fixed assets	82,906	11,062,738
Total	632,590,488	11,062,738

^(*) As of 31 March 2021 "Margün Enerji" which subsidiary of Esenboğa after purchasing of seven Companies written down value was determined as 1.034.028.834 TL and the differences between transfer fee of related companies 409.872.462 TL is 624.156.372 TL accounted for as profit under negative goodwill and sales process of Ats A.Ş., Ekonova A.Ş., Zelkova A.Ş., Elmalı A.Ş., Çayören A.Ş, Göksu 7 A.Ş., Ergün A.Ş. are completed.

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NOTE 16 – INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (CONT'D)

Expenses from investing activities

	1 January- 31 March 2021	1 January- 31 March 2020
Securities transfer losses	(14,332,967)	-
Total	(14,332,967)	-

NOTE 17 - INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Income from financing activities

	1 January- 31 March 2021	1 January- 31 March 2020
Reduced interest expense	8,794,959	_
Time deposits interest income	3,147,473	308,069
Foreign exchange incomes from financial borrowings	12,074	-
Total	11,954,506	308,069

Expense from financing activities

	1 January- 31 March 2021	1 January- 31 March 2020
Foreign exchange losses from financial borrowings	(85,326,153)	(8,774,785)
Borrowing expenses	(18,048,014)	(12,803,912)
Bank commission expenses	(1,037,004)	(18,980)
Guarantee letter commission expenses	(937,625)	-
Expense from related parties	(33,262)	_
Other	(33,038)	-
Total	(105,415,096)	(21,597,677)

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NOTE 18 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Current tax liabilities

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Balance Sheet		_
Current corporation tax liabilities	(131,650)	-
Less: Prepaid taxes and fund (-)	(3,520,965)	(328,311)
Tax provision in the balance sheet	(3,652,615)	(328,311)
Deferred tax income		
	1 January-	1 January-
Tax income/ (expense)	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Current corporation tax liabilities	_	-
Deffered tax income/ (expense)	6,582,477	(5,188,629)

Corporate Tax

The Turkish entities within the Group are subject to Turkish corporate taxes. Foreign entities are subject to taxation in accordance with the tax procedures and tax legislations effective in the countries in which they operate. Provision is made in the accompanying combined financial statements for the estimated charge based on the Group's results for the period.

(5,188,629)

6,582,477

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding back non-deductible expenses, and by deducting dividends received from resident companies, other exempt income and investment incentives utilized.

The effective rate of tax in Turkey in 31 March 2021 is 22%.

Deferred tax

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between its financial statements as reported for TFRS purposes and its statutory tax financial statements. These differences usually result in the recognition of revenue and expenses in different reporting periods for TFRS and tax purposes and they are given below.

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NOTE 18 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

Companies calculate a temporary tax of 20% (25% for the tax period of 2021 and 23% for the tax period of 2022) on their quarterly financial profits and declare it until the 17th day of the second month after that period and pay it until the evening of the seventeenth day. But since the increase in the corporate tax rate made by law 7316 enters into force starting from July 1, 2021, the declarations that must be issued from 2021 1. the temporary tax rate will be based on 20% for earnings received during the temporary taxation period. The temporary tax paid during the year belongs to that year and is deducted from the corporate tax that will be calculated on the corporate tax return that will be issued in the following year. If the temporary tax amount paid despite the deduction remains, this amount can be refunded in cash or deducted.

For calculation of deferred tax asset and liabilities, the rate of 22% (2020: 22%) is used for companies domiciled in Turkey.

31 March 2021 ve 31 December 2020 tarihleri itibariyle, birikmiş geçici farklar ve ertelenmiş vergi (varlıkları)/ yükümlülüklerinin yürürlükteki vergi oranları kullanılarak hazırlanan dökümü aşağıdaki gibidir:

	Cumulative Temporary Difference		Deferred Tax Asset/ (Liability)	
	2021/1	2020	2021/1	2020
Unearned interest expenses	-	(143,098)	_	12,098
Negative goodwill	595,106,222	-	(29,755,311)	, -
Company combinations goodwill adjustment	(114,980,866)	-	22,996,173	-
Subsidiaries adjustment	68,054,358		(3,402,718)	
Write off expense	4,947,769	(783,323)	(989,554)	152,533
Provision of doubtful receivables	(51,253)	-	10,251	-
Tangible and intangible fixed asset depreciation adjustment	15,494,925	-	(3,563,816)	-
Tangible and intangible fixed asset adjustment	(176,224,585)	787,318,436	35,244,917	(154,040,449)
Unused vacation provision	(81,351)	113,820	16,270	22,764
Revaluation of tangible assets	994,524,443	-	(50,093,550)	-
Interest expense	11,993,676	(3,079,797)	(2,398,735)	(615,959)
Severance pay provision	(188,790)	193,654	43,422	41,355
Expenses accruals	(366,742)	-	73,348	-
Financial harm	(52,266,379)	(52,266,379)	10,453,276	10,453,276
Cash flow hedges	(32,727,093)	- -	7,527,231	- -
Deferred tax (liability)-net			(13,838,796)	(143,974,382)

(*) Lands and plots included under tangible fixed asset items are included in the subparagraph (e) of the first paragraph of Article 5 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 regulating exceptions; 75% of the earnings arising from the sale of founding shares, usufruct shares and pre-emptive rights and 50% of the gains arising from the sale of immovables in their assets for at least two full years that this exception will be applied in the period of sale and that the part of the sales earning benefiting from the exception must be kept in a special fund account until the end of the fifth year following the year in which the sale is made and the sales price must be collected until the end of the second calendar year following the year of sale Taxes that are not accrued on time due to the exception corresponding to the sales price will be deemed to have been lost, the same increase due to the exemption applied to the part of the exempted income transferred to another account in any way other than adding to the capital or withdrawn from the business within five years. It has been stipulated that taxes that are not accrued immediately will be deemed to have been lost, and that the gains obtained from the sale of the values they hold for this purpose by institutions dealing with the trade and leasing of securities or immovables are excluded from the scope of exemption.

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NOTE 18 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

The exemption to be applied by corporate taxpayers on capital gains obtained from the sales of their real estates held for at least two years was reduced from 75% to 50% with the regulation published in the Official Gazette dated 5 December 2017. Accordingly, the corporate tax and deferred tax calculations calculated for the earnings from the sale of immovable properties will be calculated as 20% of the remaining 50%.

NOTE 19 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Profit or loss per share disclosed in the Income Statement are determined by dividing net profit / loss by the weighted average number of shares available during the related period.

Companies can increase their share capital by distributing shares in proportion to their accumulated profits to existing shareholders ("bonus shares"). When calculating earnings per share, this bonus share issuance is counted as issued shares. Therefore, the weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of earnings per share is calculated by applying the free-of-charge issuance of shares retrospectively. Earnings per share are calculated by dividing net profit by the weighted average number of ordinary shares issued by the shareholders. The nominal value of a share of the company is TL 1.

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Net profit Number of shares	362,358,292 33,000,000	5,408,114 33,000,000
Earnings per share (TL)	10.98	0.16

NOTE 20 - THE NATURE AND LEVEL RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Foreign currency risk management

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies and thereby exposes itself to exchange rate fluctuations.

The carrying amount of the Group foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

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NOTE 20 - THE NATURE AND LEVEL RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

	31 March	n 2021 31 I	December 2020
Foreign currency assets	65,223,477		21,214
Foreign currency liabilities	(794,615,385)		(269,347,587)
Net foreign currency position	(729,391,908)		(269,326,373)
21.16	Map	THE	
31 March 2021	USD	EUR	TL Equivalent
1. Trade receivables			
2a. Monetary financial assets, (cash	-	-	-
and banks account included)	1,226,782	5,628,067	65,223,477
2b. Non monetary financial assets	1,220,762	3,020,007	03,223,477
3. Other	_	_	_
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	1,226,782	5,628,067	65,223,477
5. Trade receivables		-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets			-
6b. Non monetary financial assets	-	-	-
7. Other			-
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	-	-	-
9. Total assets (4+8)	1,226,782	5,628,067	65,223,477
10. Trade payables	-	-	-
11. Financial liabilities	(3,460,230)	(10,996,291)	(136,288,725)
12a. Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-
12b. Other non monetary liabilities	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	(3,460,230)	(10,996,291)	(136,288,725)
14. Trade payables	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	(9,474,310)	(59,283,571)	(658,326,660)
16a. Other monetary liabilities			-
16b. Other non monetary liabilities			-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	(9,474,310)	(59,283,571)	(658,326,660)
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	(12,934,540)	(70,279,863)	(794,615,385)
19. Net assets of off balance sheet derivative items	2.042.722	1 <02 202	-
(liability) position (19a - 19b)	2,049,739	1,602,292	32,727,093
19a. Total amount of assets hedged	2.040.733	1 (00 000	- 20 505 000
19b. Total amount of liabilities hedged	2,049,739	1,602,292	32,727,093
20. Net foreign assets / (liability) position	(0.650.010)	(62.040.502)	((0)(((4.916)
(9-18+19)	(9,658,019)	(63,049,503)	(696,664,816)

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NOTE 20 - THE NATURE AND LEVEL RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D) $\,$

Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

31 December 2020	USD	EUR	TL Equivalent
1. Trade receivables	-	-	-
2a. Monetary financial assets, (cash			-
and banks account included)	1,205	1,373	21,214
2b. Non monetary financial assets	-	-	-
3. Other	-	-	-
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	1,205	1,373	21,214
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets			-
6b. Non monetary financial assets	-	-	-
7. Other			-
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	-	-	-
9. Total assets (4+8)	1,205	1,373	21,214
10. Trade payables	-	-	-
11. Financial liabilities	(5,376,447)	(4,620,583)	(81,087,560)
12a. Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-
12b. Other non monetary liabilities	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	(5,376,447)	(4,620,583)	(81,087,560)
14. Trade payables	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	(15,868,676)	(21,452,272)	(309,723,932)
16a. Other monetary liabilities			-
16b. Other non monetary liabilities			-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	(15,868,676)	(21,452,272)	(309,723,932)
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	(21,245,123)	(26,072,855)	(390,811,492)
19. Net assets of off balance sheet derivative items	-	-	-
(liability) position (19a - 19b)	-	-	-
19a. Total amount of assets hedged	-	-	-
19b. Total amount of liabilities hedged	-	-	-
20. Net foreign assets / (liability) position			-
(9-18+19)	(21,243,917)	(26,071,482)	(390,790,278)

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NOTE 20 - THE NATURE AND LEVEL RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from USD and EUR.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 20% increase and decrease in the TL against USD and EUR. 20% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 20% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number indicates an increase in profit or loss where the TL strengthens against the relevant currency.

Exchange Rate Sensitivity Analysis Table

31 March 2021			
	Profit / (Loss)		
	Appreciation of foreign currency	Appreciation of foreign currency	
Appreciation of USD against TL by 20%		_	
1- USD denominated net assets/liabilities	(16,082,533)	16,082,533	
2- USD hedged portion (-)	-	-	
3- Net effect of USD	(16,082,533)	16,082,533	
Appreciation of EUR against TL by 20%	-	-	
4- EUR denominated net assets/liabilities	(123,250,430)	123,250,430	
5- EUR hedged portion (-)	-	-	
6- Net effect of EUR	(123,250,430)	123,250,430	
Total	(139,332,963)	139,332,963	

Exchange Rate Sensitivity Analysis Table

31 December 2020			
	Profit / (Loss)		
	Appreciation of foreign	Appreciation of foreign	
	currency	currency	
Appreciation of USD against TL by 20%			
1- USD denominated net assets/liabilities	(31,188,195)	31,188,195	
2- USD hedged portion (-)	-	-	
3- Net effect of USD	(31,188,195)	31,188,195	
Appreciation of EUR against TL by 20%			
4- EUR denominated net assets/liabilities	(46,969,860)	46,969,860	
5- EUR hedged portion (-)	-	-	
6- Net effect of EUR	(46,969,860)	46,969,860	
Total	(78,158,056)	78,158,056	

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NOTE 21 - EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

In accondance with the regulation numbered 7316, published in Official Gazette numbered 31462 on 22 April 2021, corporate tax rate in Turkey for the year 2021 has been increased from 20% to 25%, for the 2022 to 23%. The amendment is effective as of 1 January 2021. As the change announced after the reporting period, it is considered non-adjusting event according to IAS 10 and the Group continued to use for the 2020 to 22% and for long term 20% for the subsidiaries operating in Turkey as of reporting date and related amendment will be applied in consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2021.

Naturel Yenilenebilir Enerji Ticaret Anonim Şirketi decided to distribute profit at the Ordinary General Assembly dated April 12, 2021 and profit distribution was occurred on 21 April 2021.